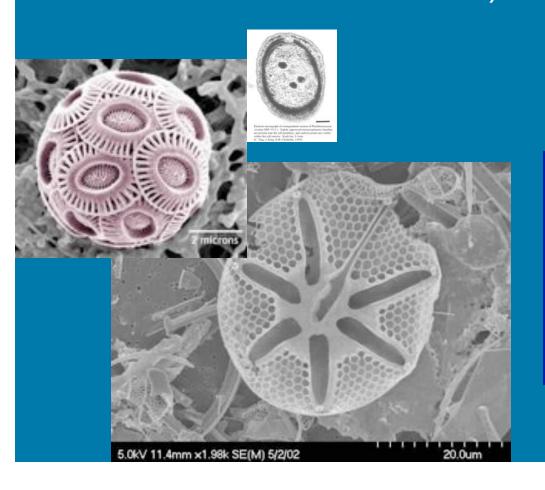
## **Modelling Community Structure**

*Mick Follows*, Stephanie Dutkiewicz, Scott Grant\*, Sallie Chisholm, Chris Hill

Massachusetts Institute of Technology \*University of Hawaii

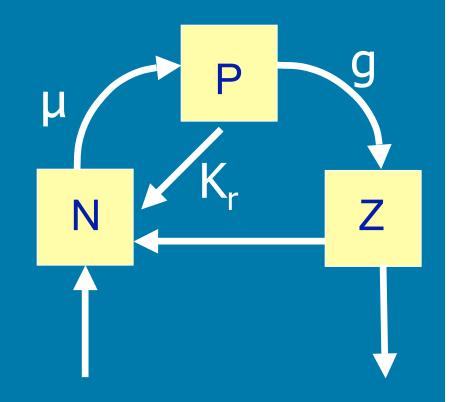


## Community structure impacts:

- Export production
- Biogeochemical cycles
- Optical properties

## **Modelling Marine Ecosystems**

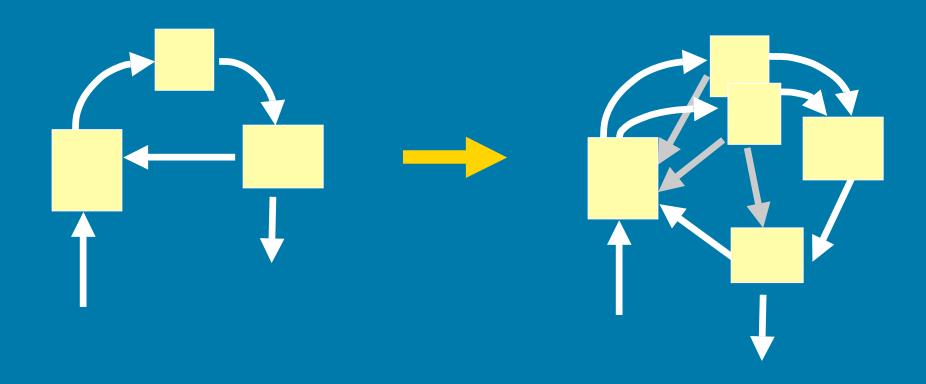
- Physiological processes are parameterized
- Rates regulated by values of governing coefficiencts



$$\frac{dP}{dt} = P\left(\mu - K_r - gZ\right)$$

Riley (1946)

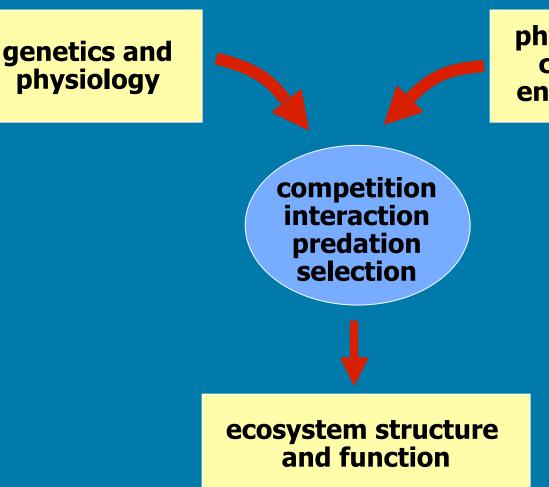
## Incrementally increase food web resolution



NPZ model

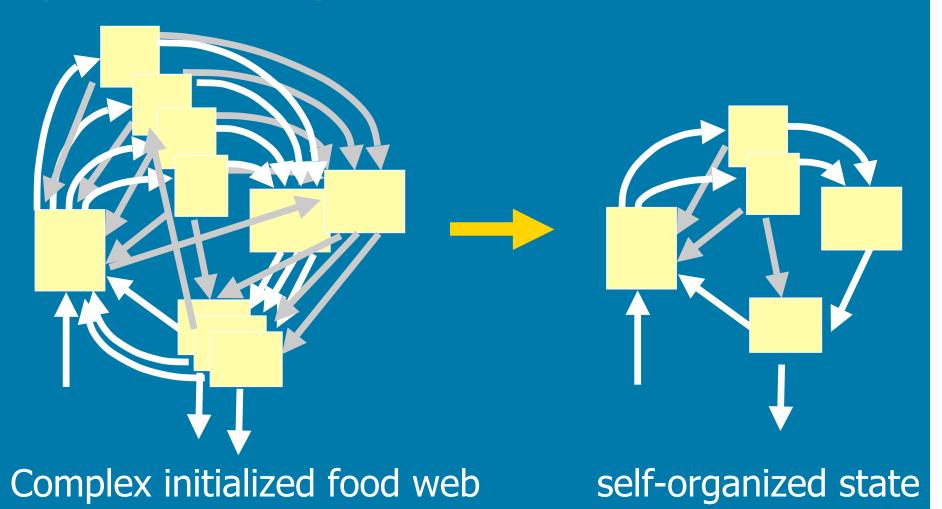
incremental enhancement

## What sets ecosystem structure?



physical and chemical environment

# Alternative modelling strategy: initialize many potentially viable phytoplankton types system self-organizes ....

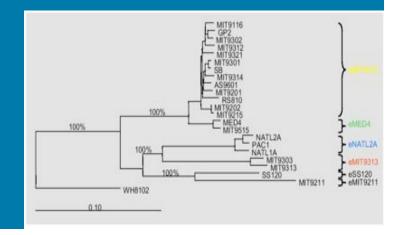


## $0.1 \mu m$ Electron micrograph of a longitudinal section of Prochlorococcus (isolate MIT 9313 ). Tightly appressed intracytoplasmic lamellae are present near the cell periphery, and carboxysomes are visible within the cell interior. Scale bar, 0.1 mm.

(C. Ting, J. King, S.W. Chisholm, 1999)

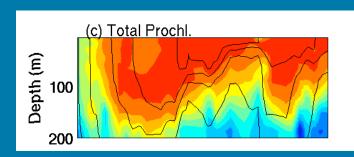
## Prochlorococcus

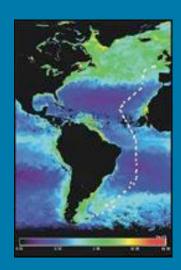
- cyanobacteria
- occupies tropics and subtropics
- cannot utilize NO<sub>3</sub> (?)
- six genetically distinct "ecotypes"
- correlated physiological variations



### Observed Prochlorococcus abundance on AMT13 track

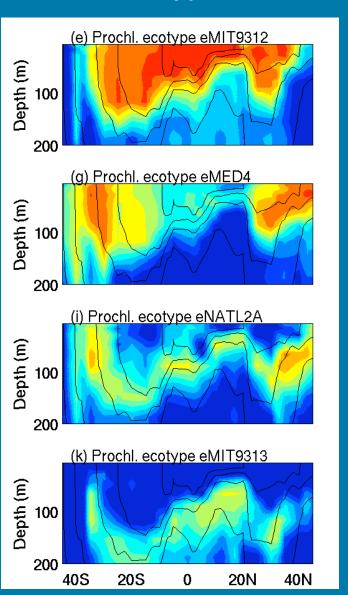
#### Total





Johnson et al. (2006)

#### ecotypes



## **Global Model**

#### **ENVIRONMENT**

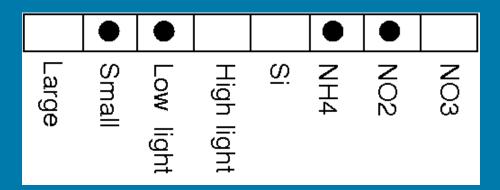
- MITgcm, global configuration
  - ECCO-GODAE 1°x1° circulation state estimate
  - (Wunsch & Heimbach, 2006)
  - Explicit P, N, Fe, Si cycles

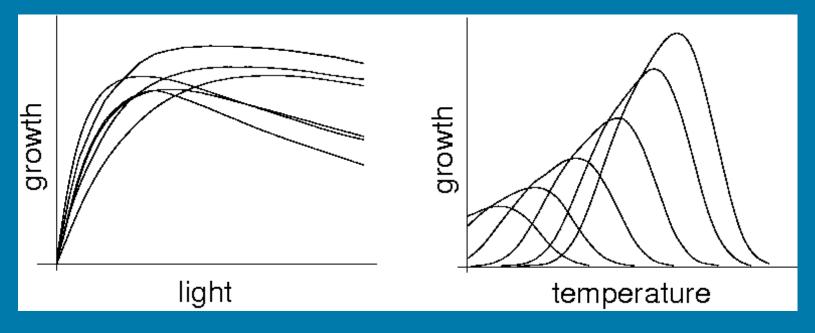
#### **ORGANISMS, PHYSIOLOGY**

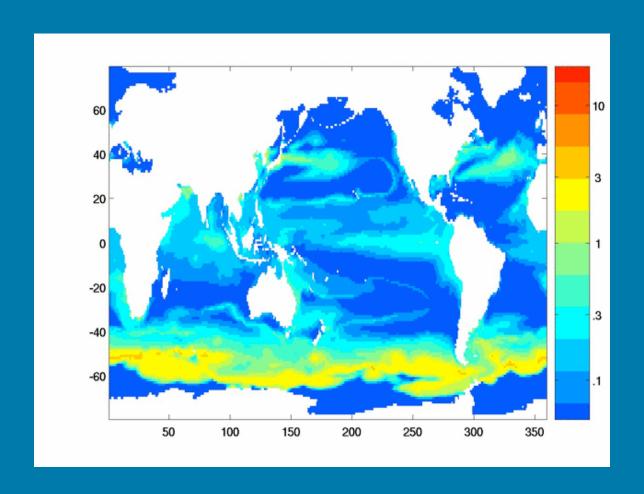
- 78 initial types of phytoplankton
- "Random" physiological traits
- 2 grazers
- Ensemble of integrations, different randomization

## Initializing model phytoplankton types

- "Random" assignment of functional properties
- Simple allometric trade-offs



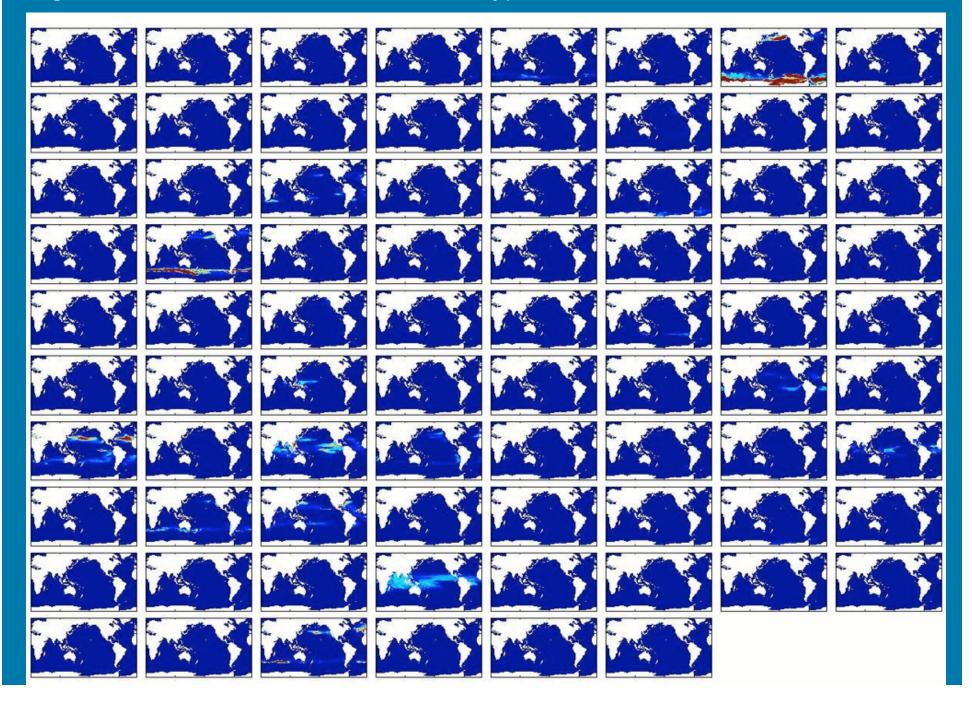




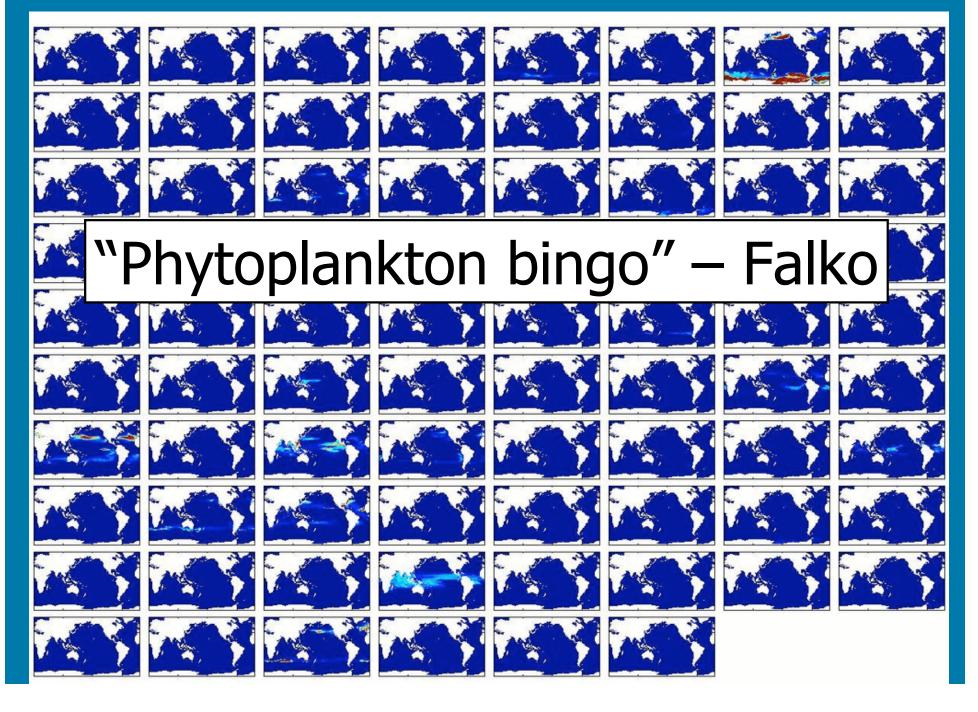
## Modeled 0-50m biomass (uM N):

10<sup>th</sup> annual cycle, single ensemble member

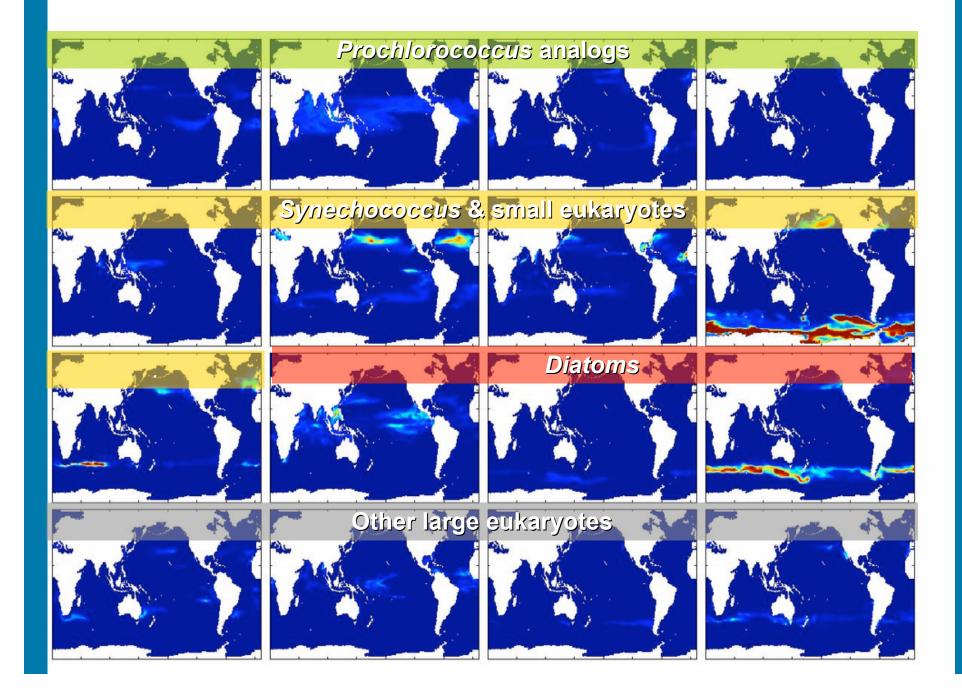
#### Single ensemble member, all functional types, 0-50m



#### Single ensemble member, all functional types, 0-50m



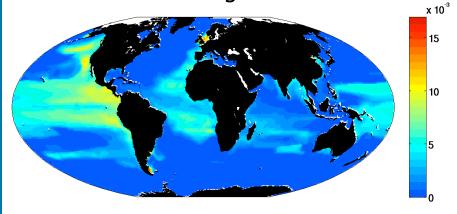
#### Emergent biogeography – 16 most abundant phytoplankton types



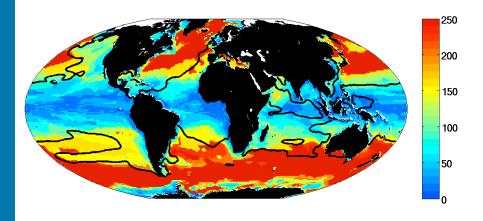
## Ecology of Prochlorococcus analogs

Prochlorococcus
dominate in most stable
regions (c.f. Bouman et al., 2006)

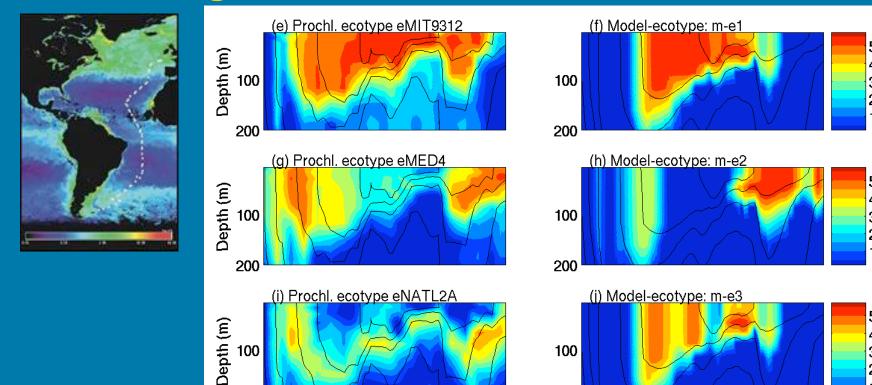
## *Prochlorococcus* biomass (mmol P/m3): annual 0-50m average



#### Annual range of mixed-layer depth (m)



#### Plausible analogs of *Prochlorococcus* on AMT13 track



Prochlorococcus ecotypes AMT13 (Johnson et al., 2006)

model-ecotypes

20N

40N

**20S** 

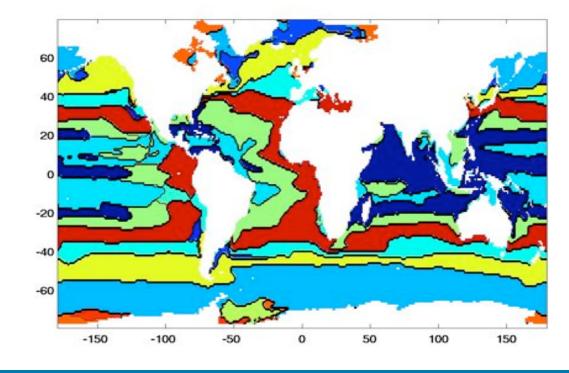
200

**40S** 

Model-ecotypes consistent with observed counterparts in habitat, corresponding physiology, and abundance ranking.

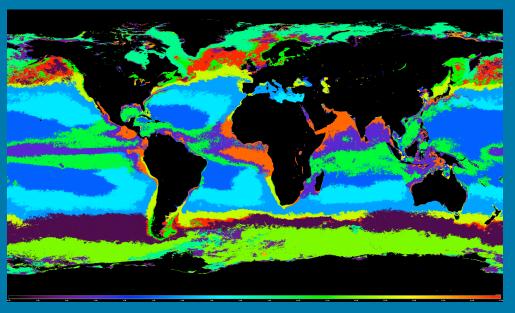
Follows et al., Science (2007)

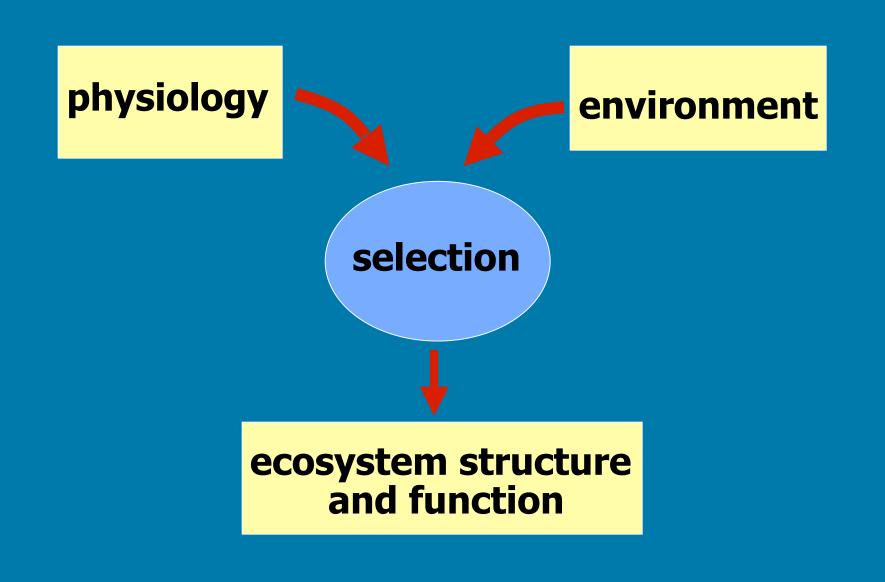
Model "provinces" mapped by locally most abundant phytoplankton type



Matt Oliver *et al:*Provinces determined from SST and radiance

c.f. Mark Dowell et al





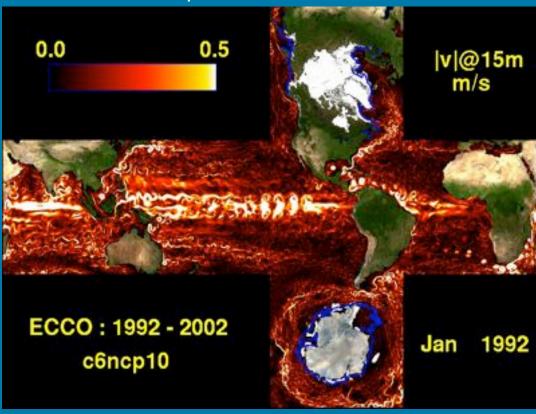
## Physiology

- Generalized allometry
  - Resolve several size classes
  - Laws (1975), Irwin et al (2006), Armstrong (1999)
- Implications for radiative transfer
  - Explicit regulation of spectrum by community size structure
  - Ciotti et al (2002), Finkel (2001)

## **Environment**

- Effect of highly variable environment on
  - Diversity?
  - Community structure?

## **ECCO2** model Chris Hill, Dimitris Menemenlis





### **SUMMARY**

- Self-organizing description of marine ecosystem
  - explicit selection according to relative fitness
  - dynamic representation of diversity, community structure
  - focus on physiology/environment, not parameter tuning
- Prochlorococcus data provide unique test and application
  - suitable to address genomic observations
- Next steps
  - generalized allometric approach
  - higher resolution environment (ECCO2)
  - ...

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